Investor Presentation

Q1 FY26

Safe Harbor Statement

This presentation may contain forward-looking statements for which there are risks, uncertainties, and assumptions. Forward-looking statements may include any statements regarding strategies or plans for future operations; any statements concerning new features, enhancements or upgrades to our existing applications or plans for future applications; any projections of revenues, gross margins, earnings, or other financial items; and any statements of expectation or belief. Forward-looking statements are based only on currently available information and our current beliefs, expectations, and assumptions regarding the future of our business, future plans and strategies, projections, anticipated events and trends, the economy, and other future conditions. Because forward-looking statements relate to the future, they are subject to inherent uncertainties, risks, and changes in circumstances that are difficult to predict and many of which are outside of our control. Our actual results and financial condition may differ materially from those indicated in the forward-looking statements, and therefore you should not rely on any forward-looking statements that we may make. Further information on risks that could affect Workday's results is included in our filings with the Securities and Exchange Commission which are available on the Workday investor relations webpage: investor.workday.com.

Workday assumes no obligation for, and does not intend to update, any forward-looking statements, except as required by law. Any unreleased services, features, functionality or enhancements referenced in any Workday document, roadmap, blog, our website, press release or public statement that are not currently available are subject to change at Workday's discretion and may not be delivered as planned or at all.

Customers who purchase Workday services should make their purchase decisions based upon services, features, and functions that are currently available.

Use of Non-GAAP Measures

In addition to financial results presented in accordance with US generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP), this presentation includes certain non-GAAP financial measures of performance. These non-GAAP financial measures are in addition to, and not a substitute for or superior to, measures of financial performance prepared in accordance with GAAP, and may be different from non-GAAP financial measures used by other companies. In addition, these non-GAAP financial measures have limitations in that they do not reflect all of the amounts associated with Workday's results of operations or cash flows as determined in accordance with GAAP. Reconciliations of these non-GAAP financial measures to the most directly comparable GAAP financial measures are contained in the Appendix to this presentation.

The Company has not provided a reconciliation of its forward outlook for non-GAAP operating margin with its forward-looking GAAP operating margin in reliance on the unreasonable efforts exception provided under Item 10(e)(1)(i)(B) of Regulation S-K. The Company is unable to predict with reasonable certainty the amount and timing of adjustments that are used to calculate this non-GAAP financial measure, particularly related to stock-based compensation and its related tax effects, acquisition-related costs, and restructuring costs.

Workday at a Glance

Workday by the Numbers

$160B

Market Opportunity[1]

$7.961B 15.5% YoY Growth

Trailing Twelve Month Subscription Revenues[2]

$2.349B 27.0% Margin

Trailing Twelve Month Non-GAAP Operating Income[2,3]

$2.547B 29.3% Margin

Trailing Twelve Month Operating Cash Flow[2,3]

Leading AI Platform

For Finance, HR, Planning, Spend Management and Analytics

11,000+ Global Customers

Operating across 175+ Countries

Serving 60%+ of the Fortune 500

Including 70%+ of the top 50 Fortune 500 companies

70M+ Users Under Contract

Generating more than 1 trillion transactions annually[4]

~19,300 Employees Worldwide[5]

Offices in 30+ Countries

[1] TAM estimates based on Workday and third-party data as of 9.17.2024
[2] For the trailing twelve months ended 4.30.2025
[3] Reconciliations of GAAP to Non-GAAP financial data included in the Appendix
[4] Reflects transaction volume as of fiscal 2025
[5] As of 5.19.2025. Reflects the restructuring plan announced on 2.5.2025, which reduced our workforce by approximately 7.5%

The Workday Platform

Workday Marketplace

Workday Services

Customer's Industry Ecosystem

Extensibility and Interoperability

- Workday Extend
- Workday Integration Cloud

Experience

- Natural Language Interactions
- Unified Experience
- Mobile
- Partner Integrations

The Workday Product Portfolio

HR

Finance

Planning • Industry Solutions • Analytics

illuminate

- AI Agents
- Agent Gateway
- Agent System of Record
- Intelligent Data Core
- Enterprise LLMs

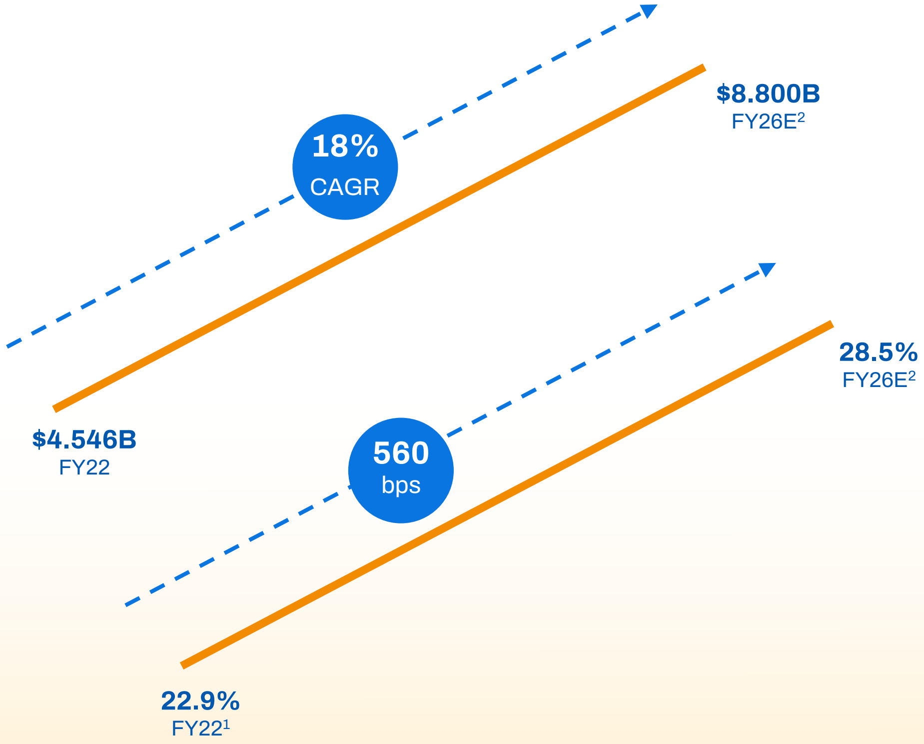
Core Technology

- Security
- Resiliency
- Business Process
- Data Model

Driving Profitable Growth at Scale

Annual Subscription Revenues

Non-GAAP Operating Margin



98%
Gross Revenue Retention[3]

[1] Reconciliations of GAAP to Non-GAAP financial data included in the Appendix
[2] FY26 subscription revenue and Non-GAAP operating margin guidance as provided on 5.22.2025
[3] Refer to Appendix - Other Business Metrics for further details

Note: Lines not drawn to scale

While Growing Responsibly

Acting with Integrity

Delivering Responsible AI
Developing trustworthy AI solutions to drive meaningful business results

Driving Policy Change
Working to advance policies that support the development of responsible AI and a skills-based approach to talent

Data Privacy and Security
Industry-leading privacy and security practices, designed to safeguard our customers' data

Putting People First

Skills Based Organization
Investing in employee growth and development by putting skills at the center of our talent strategy

VIBE
Value Inclusion, Belonging, and Equity for All by leveraging the unique skills of our people to ignite innovation and build tomorrow's solutions

Investing in Talent and Training
To help ensure we attract, recruit, hire, and advance employees of all backgrounds

Protecting the Planet

Net-Zero Carbon Footprint
Achieved net-zero carbon emissions[1] every year since fiscal 2021 and continued matching 100% of the electricity we use at our offices and data centers globally with clean, renewable sources

Commitment to 1.5ºC
Science-based targets across all three scopes of emissions

For More Information:
[Sustainability and Reporting with Workday]
[Download our 2024 Global Impact Report]

[1] All references to "net-zero" encompass Workday emissions from offices, data centers and public cloud, and business travel.

Financial Highlights and Guidance

Q1 FY26 Financial Highlights

	Q1 FY26 Results	Increase (Decrease) YoY
Total Revenues	$2.240B	12.6%
Subscription Revenues	$2.059B	13.4%
Total Subscription Revenue Backlog	$24.62B	19.1%
12-month Subscription Revenue Backlog	$7.63B	15.6%
GAAP Operating Margin	1.8%	(144) bps
Non-GAAP Operating Margin[1]	30.2%	437 bps
Operating Cash Flows	$457M	23.0%
Free Cash Flows[1]	$421M	44.6%

[1] Reconciliations of GAAP to Non-GAAP financial data included in the Appendix

Q1 FY26 Customer Wins and Expansions

ASDA

CFL COLLINS FOODS LIMITED

CHIPOTLE

GANNON UNIVERSITY

+GF+

GOLDEN ENTERTAINMENT

Inland Technologies

LouisDreyfus ARMATEURS

Mutual of Omaha

NEC

RAMSEY COUNTY

suzano

TEPCO
TEPCO Fuel & Power

Vantive

withum
ADVISORY TAX AUDIT

Q1 FY26 Business Highlights

- Workday **introduced new Illuminate Agents** to accelerate hiring, enhance frontline worker experiences, simplify financial processes, and improve employee information access.
- Evisort's **AI-powered contract intelligence** and **contract lifecycle management** solutions became available through Workday.
- Workday **welcomed new customers** including Dover Corporation, Mutual of Omaha Insurance Company, and United Airlines, and expanded existing relationships with ASDA stores, Chipotle, CVS Health, and Decathlon.
- Workday was **named a Leader in the 2025 Gartner® Magic Quadrant™** for Higher Education Student Information System Software as a Service[1] and Talent Acquisition (Recruiting) Suites.[2]
- Workday was **recognized as one of the 2025 World's Most Ethical Companies®** by Ethisphere for the fifth consecutive year.
- Workday saw notable industry growth in Q1, with the **technology & media and manufacturing verticals each crossing $1 billion in annual recurring revenue**.
- Workday continued its international expansion by **going live on the AWS U.K. public cloud** and announcing a new location for its EMEA headquarters in Dublin.
- Workday announced that its Board of Directors **approved a new share repurchase program** to repurchase up to an additional $1.0 billion of shares of its Class A common stock.

[1] 2025 Gartner® Magic Quadrant™ for Higher Education Student Information System Software as a Service. By Grace Farrell, Robert Yanckello, 24 March 2025.
[2] 2025 Gartner® Magic Quadrant™ for Talent Acquisition (Recruiting) Suites. By Rania Stewart, Jackie Watrous, Hiten Sheth, Emi Chiba, 2 April 2025.

Guidance Summary

Q2 FY26	Quarterly Guidance	Increase (Decrease) YoY
Total Revenues	$2.340B	12%
Subscription Revenues	$2.160B	13%
12-month Subscription Revenue Backlog	n/a	15% - 16%
Non-GAAP Operating Margin	28%	314 bps
GAAP Operating Margin	~20 points lower than non-GAAP	n/a
Full Year FY26	**Full Year Guidance**	**Increase (Decrease) YoY**
Total Revenues	$9.500B	12%
Subscription Revenues	$8.800B	14%
Non-GAAP Operating Margin	28.5%	262 bps
GAAP Operating Margin	~21 points lower than non-GAAP	n/a
Non-GAAP Tax Rate	19%	n/a
Operating Cash Flows	$2.750B	12%
Capital Expenditures	$250M	(7)%

As provided on Q1 FY26 Earnings Call on 5.22.2025

Appendix

Reconciliations of GAAP to Non-GAAP Data

(in millions, except percentages and per share data)	Three Months Ended April 30,	
	2025	2024
Non-GAAP operating income		
Operating income (loss)	$ 39	$ 64
Share-based compensation expense [1]	417	385
Employer payroll tax-related items on employee stock transactions [1]	27	38
Amortization of acquisition-related intangible assets	21	17
Acquisition-related costs	7	3
Restructuring costs [2]	166	8
Non-GAAP operating income	$ 677	$ 515
Non-GAAP operating margin [3]		
Operating margin	1.8 %	3.2
Share-based compensation expense [1]	18.6 %	19.3
Employer payroll tax-related items on employee stock transactions [1]	1.2 %	1.9
Amortization of acquisition-related intangible assets	0.9 %	0.9
Acquisition-related costs	0.3 %	0.2
Restructuring costs [2]	7.4 %	0.4
Non-GAAP operating margin	30.2 %	25.9

Reconciliations of GAAP to Non-GAAP Data (cont'd)

(in millions, except percentages and per share data)	Three Months Ended April 30,	
	2025	2024
Non-GAAP diluted net income per share [3][4]		
Diluted net income per share	$ 0.25	$ 0.40
Share-based compensation expense [1]	1.54	1.42
Employer payroll tax-related items on employee stock transactions [1]	0.10	0.14
Amortization of acquisition-related intangible assets	0.08	0.06
Acquisition-related costs	0.02	0.01
Restructuring costs [2]	0.61	0.03
Losses (gains) on strategic investments, net	0.00	0.03
Income tax effects	(0.37)	(0.35)
Non-GAAP diluted net income per share	$ 2.23	$ 1.74

[1] The Share-based compensation expense and Employer payroll tax-related items on employee stock transactions lines in the GAAP to non-GAAP reconciliation tables above exclude $42 million and $2 million, respectively, related to restructuring initiatives for the three months ended April 30, 2025. These expenses are included in the Restructuring costs lines.

[2] In February 2025, Workday announced a restructuring plan ("Fiscal 2026 Restructuring Plan") intended to prioritize its investments and continue advancing Workday's ongoing focus on durable growth. The plan reduced Workday's workforce by approximately 7.5%. In connection with the plan, Workday has exited certain owned office space. During the three months ended April 30, 2025, Workday recorded expenses of $132 million for employee transition, severance payments, employee benefits, and share-based compensation expense, and $34 million related to an impairment of office space under the Fiscal 2026 Restructuring Plan. During the three months ended April 30, 2024, Workday recorded exit charges of $8 million associated with office space reductions under a separate restructuring plan.

[3] Operating margin and diluted net income per share are calculated using unrounded data.

[4] For the three months ended April 30, 2025, GAAP and non-GAAP diluted net income per share were calculated based upon 270,296 diluted weighted-average shares of common stock. For the three months ended April 30, 2024, GAAP and non-GAAP diluted net income per share were calculated based upon 270,298 diluted weighted-average shares of common stock.

Reconciliations of GAAP to Non-GAAP Data

(in millions, except percentages and per share data)	Year Ended January 31, 2022
Non-GAAP operating margin[1]	
Operating margin	(2.3) %
Share-based compensation expense	21.6 %
Employer payroll tax-related items on employee stock transactions	1.5 %
Amortization of acquisition-related intangible assets	1.5 %
Acquisition-related costs	0.6 %
Non-GAAP operating margin	22.9 %

[1] Operating margin is calculated based upon the respective underlying, non-rounded data.

Reconciliations of GAAP to Non-GAAP Data
Cash from Operations to Free Cash Flows

(in millions)	Three Months Ended April 30,	
	2025	2024
Net cash provided by operating activities	$ 457	$ 372
Less: Capital expenditures	(36)	(81)
Free cash flows	$ 421	$ 291

Supplemental Financial Information

(in millions)	Three Months Ended April 30,			
	2025		2024	
Share-based compensation expense [1]				
Costs and expenses:				
Costs of subscription services	$	42	$	38
Costs of professional services		30		31
Product development		183		173
Sales and marketing		92		72
General and administrative		70		71
Restructuring		0		0
Total share-based compensation expense	$	417	$	385
Employer payroll tax-related items on employee stock transactions				
Costs and expenses:				
Costs of subscription services	$	3	$	3
Costs of professional services		3		5
Product development		12		18
Sales and marketing		6		8
General and administrative		3		4
Restructuring		0		0
Total employer payroll tax-related items on employee stock transactions	$	27	$	38
Amortization of acquisition-related intangible assets				
Costs and expenses:				
Costs of subscription services	$	12	$	9
Costs of professional services		0		0
Product development		0		0
Sales and marketing		9		8
General and administrative		0		0
Restructuring		0		0
Total amortization of acquisition-related intangible assets	$	21	$	17

Supplemental Financial Information (cont’d)

(in millions)	Three Months Ended April 30, 2025		Three Months Ended April 30, 2024	
Acquisition-related costs				
Costs and expenses:				
Costs of subscription services	$	0	$	0
Costs of professional services		0		0
Product development		3		1
Sales and marketing		1		0
General and administrative		3		2
Restructuring		0		0
Total acquisition-related costs	$	7	$	3
Restructuring costs				
Costs and expenses:				
Costs of subscription services	$	0	$	0
Costs of professional services		0		0
Product development		0		0
Sales and marketing		0		0
General and administrative		0		0
Restructuring		166		8
Total restructuring costs	$	166	$	8

[1] Share-based compensation expense and Employer payroll tax-related items on employee stock transactions lines in the Supplemental Financial Information table above exclude $42 million and $2 million, respectively, related to restructuring initiatives for the three months ended April 30, 2025. These expenses are included in Restructuring costs.

About Non-GAAP Financial Measures

To provide investors and others with additional information regarding Workday's results, the following non-GAAP financial measures are disclosed: non-GAAP operating income, non-GAAP operating margin, non-GAAP diluted net income per share, and free cash flows. Workday has provided a reconciliation of each non-GAAP financial measure used in this presentation to the most directly comparable GAAP financial measure. Non-GAAP operating income and non-GAAP operating margin differ from GAAP in that they exclude share-based compensation expense, employer payroll tax-related items on employee stock transactions, amortization expense for acquisition-related intangible assets, acquisition-related costs, and restructuring costs. Non-GAAP diluted net income per share differs from GAAP in that it excludes share-based compensation expense, employer payroll tax-related items on employee stock transactions, amortization expense for acquisition-related intangible assets, acquisition-related costs, restructuring costs, gains and losses on strategic investments, and income tax effects. Free cash flows differ from GAAP cash flows from operating activities in that it treats capital expenditures as a reduction to cash flows.

Workday's management uses these non-GAAP financial measures to understand and compare operating results across accounting periods, for internal budgeting and forecasting purposes, for short- and long-term operating plans, and to evaluate Workday's financial performance. Management believes these non-GAAP financial measures reflect Workday's ongoing business in a manner that allows for meaningful period-to-period comparisons and analysis of trends in Workday's business. Management also believes that these non-GAAP financial measures provide useful information to investors and others in understanding and evaluating Workday's operating results and prospects in the same manner as management and in comparing financial results across accounting periods and to those of peer companies.

Management believes excluding the following items from the GAAP Condensed Consolidated Statements of Operations is useful to investors and others in assessing Workday's operating performance due to the following factors:

- *Share-based compensation expense.* Share-based compensation primarily consists of non-cash expenses for employee restricted stock units and our employee stock purchase plan. Although share-based compensation is an important aspect of the compensation of our employees and executives, this expense is determined using a number of factors, including our stock price, volatility, and forfeiture rates, that are beyond our control and generally unrelated to operational decisions and performance in any particular period. Further, share-based compensation expense is not reflective of the value ultimately received by the grant recipients.
- *Employer payroll tax-related items on employee stock transactions*. We exclude the employer payroll tax-related items on employee stock transactions in order to show the full effect that excluding share-based compensation expense has on our operating results. Similar to share-based compensation expense, this tax expense is dependent on our stock price and other factors that are beyond our control and do not correlate to the operation of our business.

About Non-GAAP Financial Measures (cont'd)

- *Amortization of acquisition-related intangible assets*. For business combinations, we generally allocate a portion of the purchase price to intangible assets. The amount of the allocation is based on estimates and assumptions made by management and is subject to amortization. The amount of purchase price allocated to intangible assets and the term of the related amortization can vary significantly and are unique to each acquisition and thus we do not believe this activity is reflective of our ongoing operations. Although we exclude the amortization of acquisition-related intangible assets from these non-GAAP financial measures, we believe that it is important for investors to understand that such intangible assets were recorded as part of purchase accounting and contribute to revenue generation.
- *Acquisition-related costs.* Acquisition-related costs include direct transaction costs, such as due diligence and advisory fees, and certain compensation and integration-related expenses. We exclude the effects of acquisition-related costs as we believe these transaction-specific expenses are inconsistent in amount and frequency and do not correlate to the operation of our business.
- *Restructuring costs.* Restructuring costs are associated with a formal restructuring plan and are primarily related to workforce reductions, the closure of facilities, and other exit and disposal activities. We exclude these expenses because they are not reflective of ongoing business and operating results.
- *Gains and losses on strategic investments.* Our strategic investments include investments in early stage companies that are valuable to Workday customers and complementary to Workday products. Gains and losses on strategic investments may result from observable price adjustments and impairment charges on non-marketable equity securities, ongoing mark-to-market adjustments on marketable equity securities, and the sale of equity investments. We do not rely on these securities to fund our ongoing operations nor do we actively trade publicly held securities, and therefore we do not consider the gains and losses on these strategic investments to be reflective of our ongoing operations.
- *Income tax effects.* We utilize a fixed long-term projected tax rate in our computation of the non-GAAP income tax provision to provide better consistency across the reporting periods. In projecting this long-term non-GAAP tax rate, we utilize a three year financial projection that excludes the direct impact of the items excluded from GAAP income in calculating our non-GAAP income. The projected rate considers other factors such as our current operating structure, existing tax positions in various jurisdictions, and key legislation in major jurisdictions where we operate. For fiscal 2026 and 2025, we determined the projected non-GAAP tax rate to be 19%, which reflects currently available information, as well as other factors and assumptions. We will periodically re-evaluate this tax rate, as necessary, for significant events, relevant tax law changes, material changes in the forecasted geographic earnings mix, and any significant acquisitions.

Additionally, with regards to free cash flows, Workday's management believes that reducing cash provided by operating activities by capital expenditures is meaningful to investors and others because it provides an enhanced view of cash flow generation from the ongoing operations of our business, and it balances operating results, cash management, and capital efficiency.

The use of these non-GAAP measures have certain limitations as they do not reflect all items of expense or cash that affect Workday's operations. Workday compensates for these limitations by reconciling the non-GAAP financial measures to the most comparable GAAP financial measures. These non-GAAP financial measures should be considered in addition to, not as a substitute for or in isolation from, measures prepared in accordance with GAAP. Further, these non-GAAP measures may differ from the non-GAAP information used by other companies, including peer companies, and therefore comparability may be limited. Management encourages investors and others to review Workday's financial information in its entirety and not rely on a single financial measure.

Other Business Metrics

Gross Revenue Retention Rate

Gross revenue retention rate measures the percentage of recurring revenue retained from existing customers and is calculated by taking total annual recurring revenue (“ARR”) of our customers as of the corresponding prior period-end and comparing that to ARR from that same set of customers as of the current period-end. The metric takes into account recurring revenues lost to product or customer churn but does not account for additional revenue earned from add-ons or net expansions, which include volume and price adjustments.

Our gross revenue retention rate is based on ARR, which represents the annualized value of active subscription contracts as of the end of each period. Each subscription contract is annualized by dividing the total contract value by the number of days in the contract term and then multiplying by 365. We exclude certain subscription contracts from the calculation, including contracts with terms less than one year that are distinct from our core product offering, such as contracts for tenants which are used for implementation and testing. To the extent that we are negotiating a renewal with a customer after the expiration of the subscription, ARR is only adjusted if the customer churns. We calculate ARR on a constant currency basis using exchange rates set at the beginning of each fiscal year. ARR is a non-GAAP financial measure and should be viewed independently of, and not as a substitute for or combined with, revenue and unearned revenue.

workday™